

The purpose of studying Computing at NKS:

From KS1-3, students are required to study Computing as a foundation N/C subject and is comprised of three parts: Computer Science, Information Technology and Digital Literacy. The aim of our KS3 course in Years 7 and 8 is to consolidate the increasingly sophisticated basic programming and IT skills developed at Primary phase and then bridge towards either the specialist choice of Computer Science GCSE, or the appreciation and use of Computing in their ongoing work across other subjects. At KS4, students continue their study of computing with an extracurricular development of further IT skills, functional training in collaborative use of cloud applications and programming using the IDEA Bronze Award which is offered to students in Year 10.

Between 40 and 60% of students choose to study GCSE Computer Science. During Year 7 and 8, some GCSE topics are featured at basic level. Year 9 provides the opportunity to develop the programming techniques studied in Y7-8 to a deeper level, with particular attention to rigor and terminology, as preparation for studying the higher level theory topics. The Year 9 course provides a bridge between the generalised KS3 course and the examination-focused Y10-11 courses. The focus of Year 10-11 is on completion of GCSE Practical skill project, the learning of high level topics and preparation for the terminal examinations.

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Year 7

Prior to joining NKS students will have studied basic programming techniques using on-screen web-based (usually block based) programming tools. Some students will have experienced practical applications of these such as robotic tools and have learned basic uses of modelling packages such as Excel, and the ability to create screen/paper-based documents using software such as Word/Powerpoint, as well as the use of the internet to find information. Degree of extent to technical knowledge and terminology-use varies considerably, depending on the specialist knowledge of teachers in Year 5 and Year 6 in particular.

Our curriculum builds on and extends this by allowing students to show their existing skills, both through formal baseline testing and practical work with Scratch initially and MakeCode later in the year. Students are introduced to cloud-documentation and work-collation using OneNote in particular, and the skills of generating evidence & explanations to show their understanding. Early taster lessons of GCSE-style content (with Visual Basic and Hardware theory) give students a transition towards the Year 8 course.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Content – Knowledge and Understanding	Baseline Testing IT: Presentation DL: E-Safety	IT : Audience/Purpose Co: Block based coding (Scratch review – KS2 transition unit)	IT : Numerical modelling (Spreadsheet)	CS: MakeCode – Embedded devices programming IT: Advanced modelling, Data Types	CS : Hardware GCSE-lite Theory unit	CS : Visual Basic introduction IT/CS : Robotics and programming - RoboMind
Skills and concepts	Programming: Sequencing, Selection, Iteration Online safety: Digital footprint, physical and emotional risk	Research and presentation skills: difference between paper-based and screen-based presentation Understanding of programming structures: Sequence, Selection and Iteration in written statements and evidence	IT: numerical modelling concepts; formulas; relative/absolute references, cell-dependency.	Programming Structures: planning and developing algorithmic solutions, graphics, block programming, functions of embedded devices, IT: conditional formatting, formulas, Prog: selection	Comp: development of knowledge-based learning, familiarisation with CS theory learning and assessment. Input/Output and storage.	Programming: sequence, written command programming languages, use of Visual Studio IDE IT: Robotics and control, programming, C-based language structure,
Assessment	ALL YEAR 7 UNITS ASSESSED VIA PRACTICAL ASSIGNMENTS WITH FOCUS ON WRITTEN EVIDENCIAL REPORTS	Grading Scheme targeted at Grades 2-4 in CAS GCSE Pathway, and reported as W M E grades				
Enrichment and extension	Extra-curric. * Cyber-club – focuses on entry to	cyber challenge competitions ME				

Year 8

Our Y8 curriculum builds on and extends the work done in Y7 by focusing on deeper programming concepts (selection and iteration) and developing students' knowledge of data storage. Familiarisation with GCSE-style concepts and assessment. New exploration of work methods and presentation/quality of evidence to support knowledge-learning, and green-pen review of written assessments.

It prepares students for the GCSE programme by using GCSE topics to develop clear understanding of GCSE style, content and assessment.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Content – Knowledge and Understanding	CS : Visual Basic – Writing algorithms with selection	CS: Binary-Decimal conversion and ASCII - GCSE-Lite theory CS: Visual Basic – Select-Case	CS: Hex-Decimal conversion - GCSE-Lite theory CS: Visual Basic – Definite loops (count controlled)	IT : Collaborative use of cloud applications and storage CS: Visual Basic – Indefinite loops (condition controlled)	IT/DL: HTML and CSS – programming the web, creating web content	CS/IT: Ext of web development; basic Javascript CS: Game programming with Kodu (end of year non-assessed unit)
Skills and concepts	Programming: selection within programming using IFTHENELSEENDIF structures. Flowcharting symbols and documentation.	Number representation: how denary numbers are represented in base 2 number system	Number representation: different number bases, denary to hexadecimal and lossless compression of number bases Programming: purpose and coding of fixed (definite) loops	IT: using cloud applications to share the creation of documents collaboratively Programming: purpose and coding of condition-controlled (indefinite) loops.	IT: Understanding how web pages are displayed with scripting and coding Programming: basic CSS scripting and javascript (extension)	Programming: application of seq/sel/iteration within simple object oriented coding environment within Xbox game engine
Assessment	ALL YEAR 7 UNITS ASSESSED VIA PRACTICAL ASSIGNMENTS WITH FOCUS ON WRITTEN EVIDENCIAL REPORTS	Grading Scheme targeted at Grades 3-5 in CAS Computing Progression Pathway				
Enrichment and extension	Extra-curric. * Cyber-club – focuses on entry to	cyber challenge competitions ME	3			

Year 9 GCSE Computer Science

Our Y9 curriculum builds on and extends the work done in Y8 by providing students with further programming experience, interleaved with further IT experience during their Computer Science lessons. During KS4, students are extended in their IT skills, Digital literacy and programming through our Duke of York Inspiring Digital Enterprise Award, and students are focused on trying to gain the Bronze award during Year 9 and 10, with encouragement to achieve Silver, as proof they are a "digital native" and have core Computing skills. This also provides a platform (with Mathematics at Grade 7 or higher) for application to the A-Level Computer Science course if students do not study GCSE Computer Science. Those that do choose to study Computer Science consolidate terminology, knowledge and skills from Years 7 and 8, and rapidly move towards GCSE-level content and expectations of quality of their written responses.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Content – GCSE CS Knowledge and Understanding	Unit 1 : Data representation part 1 Unit 2 : VB Review – Storing data, data types and sequencing	Unit 1 Data Representation and logic part 2 Unit 2 – OCR Reference languages, variables and constants	Unit 1 CPU, Primary Storage Unit 2 Pseudocode focus; Selection and Conditions Boolean logic	Unit 1 Secondary Storage Unit 2 : Iteration	Unit 1 Networking technologies LAN/WAN Unit 2 : Data structures (Strings)	Unit 1 Networking technologies-Internet & Topologies Unit 2 : Computational thinking for creating algorithms
Skills and concepts	Data Representation: Binary, Hexadecimal and denary conversion Programming: Data types, Sequences and program flow	Data Representation: storage methods for text, images, sound and compression Programming: Pseudocode and in-program storage of data	Theory Knowledge: CPU – Fetch Execute Cycle & RAM Boolean logic AND/OR/NOT Programming: selection and conditions	Theory knowledge: secondary storage / non-volatile and virtual storage Programming: writing pseudocode with definite and indefinite loops	Theory knowledge: local and wide area networks Programming: static data structures, strings	Theory knowledge: network layouts and the structure and use of the internet Programming: Computational thinking and problem solving
Assessment	THEORY UNITS ASSESSED VIA END-OF-UNIT EXAM QUESTION STYLE TESTS (grades 4-8)	SKILL UNITS ASSESSED VIA WRITTEN EVIDENCE REPORTS (grades 4-7)				
Enrichment and extension		support and coaching (with prefer URRICULUM: n of other number bases, eg Octal pursue and examination of other p	orogramming languages, eg Python	, to encourage "bi-lingual" status ample differences in approach of ca	ache, and the approach to virtu	al memory

Year 10 GCSE Computer Science

Our Y10 curriculum builds on and extends the work done in Y9 by completing the data structures and file methods, and then problem solving practise, then the completion of the 20 hour programming project ahead of Year 11. Examination practise questions are provided to review and build on the topics covered in Year 9, as well as completion of Unit 1 theory.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Content – GCSE CS Knowledge and Understanding	Unit 1 : Network Technologies – Wifi, Encryption and Protocols Unit 2 : Arrays	Unit 1 : Network Security Unit 2 : Record storage, Validation and SQL	Unit 1 : Software (OS, Utilities and Applications Unit 2 : File I/O, Functions & Procedures	PPE Review Unit 2 Programming Challenges, Problem solving and OCR pseudocode	Unit 1 : Ethical, Economic, Environmental and Social Implications of Computing	Unit 1 – PLC Audit, 1.1-1.3 Exam Review Unit 2 : 2.1 Searching and sorting introduction
Skills and concepts	Programming: storage of multiple data items of the same type as an array	Theory knowledge: understanding risks to network and ways to mitigate these risks Programming: storage of compound data elements, fields and records, and checking user data entry errors	Theory knowledge: Purpose and structure of operating systems and relationship to other software types Programming: secondary storage of data and modular programming structures	Analysis of weakness: teaching the bringing together of learning evidence (incl Y10 exam) to complete audit of revision priorities. Programming: algorithm design strategies – formula for algorithm questions	Theory & exam skills: Written question argument, structuring long answer questions and question- analysis. Computational thinking: examination of abstraction and modular programming, and applying this to a variety of problems	Algorithms: searching and sorting and the comparison of the efficiency and features of different algorithms.
Assessment	THEORY UNITS ASSESSED VIA END-OF-UNIT EXAM QUESTION STYLE TESTS (grades 4-8)	SKILL UNITS ASSESSED VIA WRITTEN EVIDENCE REPORTS (grades 4-8)	YEAR 10 PPE PROVIDES EXAMINATION EXPERIENCE AND FEEDBACK			
Enrichment and extension	Functions : adding the concept of	support and coaching (with prefer URRICULUM: ork topology to a real life example recursive functions and their appli	- the Yacht project: connecting diff		-	

Year 11 GCSE Computer Science

Our Y11 curriculum builds on and extends the work done in Y10 by allowing the students to conduct the review of their algorithmic skill elements alongside the practise of longer written questions, and the audit of their examination skills/weaknesses. Students spend a great deal of time being given the space to develop their confidence in context-based algorithm generation to give them the resilience/confidence to face any exam question, but also to refine their wider problem solving skills.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	
Content –	Unit 1.4-1.6 Exam review	PPE Exam period	Unit 2.5 : IDE features, compilation and interpretation	Unit 2 PPE & review	Final examination preparation	N/A	
Knowledge and Understanding	Unit 2.2 Exam Review	PPE review	Unit 2 Exam Review Unit 1 PPE and review	Mixed examination practise	(Exams in wk 4)		
_	Unit 2 : 2.1 Computational Thinking, Sorting and Searching (exam focus)	Unit 2.3 : Defensive design	Unit 2 (NEA): Review and documentation – check & submit				
kills and	(PPE preparation)	Knowledge : Validation, verification, how to make	Knowledge: features of	Examination skills : analysis of questions, timing and	Examination experience : algorithm question		
concepts		programs easily maintainable, comments, variables,	Integrated development environments and the benefits to	accuracy, presentation of working-out, SPaG, feelings	experience, review of final remaining weaker areas –		
	Skills: how to answer conceptual programming	algorithm design review and practise.	programmers.	under pressure of time	directing individual revision programme.		
	questions and review of algorithm analysis skills – identification of errors, completion of algorithms and tracing algorithms.	Exam analysis: PPE review and PLC re-generation	Exam analysis: review of PLC and weaknesses				
ssessment	THEORY UNITS ASSESSED VIA END-OF-UNIT EXAM QUESTION STYLE TESTS (grades 5-9)	PPEs MATCHED TO GCSE STANDARD AND MODERATED (grades 5-9)	EXAM FOCUSED ASSESSMENT CONTINUED UNTIL END OF TERM 5				
Enrichment	Extra-curric. * G14 – Extra lunchtime study sup	pport	,		•		
and	* M24 – Lunchtime programming		cts)				
extension	EXTENSION BEYOND KS4 CURRICULUM: Problem solving: key development of general problem solving strategies – breaking down of tasks, modularisation, abstraction and the KS5 concepts of concurrency. Taster of A-Level: opportunity to experience and explore A-Level teaching concepts, both theory beyond logic/number representation and language development with c#						

Year 12

Prior to commencing A Level students will have studied KS1-KS3 Computing and most students will have studied Mathematics and Computer Science GCSE to a good grade. All students will be familiar with basic computing technology and the way computers work (CPU, memory, storage, networking), OSs and application software and experience of at least one written programming language.

An understanding of students' starting points is achieved by early initial testing and exploration of experience of initial practical tasks. Students with known gaps (eg student that begin from high Maths GCSE entry requirement) are given support materials and individual coaching.

Our Y12 curriculum builds on and extends this by...deepening the students' understanding of the hardware of a computer, and developing bilingual language status by moving all students from the common Python/Visual Basic experience at GCSE to the new language c#. Students quickly develop their ideas and preparation for their Unit 3 project.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Content – Knowledge and Understanding Skills and concepts	Unit 1.1 Harvard Architecture, Structure and function of processor Unit 1.4 Data Representation Unit 2.2 – C# Sequence, Selection, Iteration, Knowledge: Deepening of CPU structure and extended F.E.Cycle Skills: Basic programming constructs converted to C# from prior language	Unit 1.1: Input, Output devices, Storage and Virtual Storage Unit 1.2 – Software Development methodologies Unit 1.4 – Logic and truth tables Unit 2.2 – C# Arrays, procedures, functions Knowledge: IO/Storage /Cloud storage, coursework requirements and development methologies, basic logic review from GCSE extended to additional logic gates Skills: Static data structures, combined storage using arrays and lists, and modular coding in c#	Unit 1.3 Compression, Encryption and Hashing, Database methods Unit 1.4 Logical Expressions, Programming Paradigms, LMC Assembler Unit 2.2 – Object Oriented code development Project Idea check Knowledge: Additional storage methologies, compressions and hashing storage, simplification of logical expressions, different language methodologies Skills: Practical and theoretical OOP concepts (classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism)	Unit 1.3 – Web Technologies Unit 1.4 – Class diagrams and definitions Unit 1.2 – System Software Knowledge: HTML and CSS methods and application. Understanding class UML diagrams and recall of the definitions for class structures Skills: algorithm development and OCR pseudocode writing	Unit 1.3 – Review and testing Unit 1.2 – Code Generation Unit 1.4 – Logical Expressions with Karnaugh Maps Project Analysis Check Knowledge: Web technologies and Unit 1 review, Compilation and Interpretation methods and stages Skills: simplification of logical expressions using a Karnaugh map.	Unit 1.5 – Computing related Legislation 1.4 – Floating point binary representation and Arithmetic Unit 2.3 – Intro to basic data structures – the Algorithm Guide study resource Knowledge: How legal frameworks in the UK fit to computer science. Skills: structuring and answering longer answer examination questions. representation of numbers and arithmetic using a mantissa and exponent.
Assessment	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED UNIT BY UNIT BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPES	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED UNIT BY UNIT BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPES	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED UNIT BY UNIT BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPES	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED UNIT BY UNIT BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPES	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED UNIT BY UNIT BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPEs	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED UNIT BY UNIT BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPES
Enrichment and extension	Language development: extension	d ; differences between different n beyond VB/Python and C# - exa	types of processor models, concurr mination of higher level languages orms such as Unity for c#-based app	such as Prolog and Haskell		

Year 13

Our Y13 curriculum builds on and extends the work done in Y12 by deepening the topics already met, applying this to examination preparation and practise, and giving view to further study. A majority of Y13 students in recent years have moved on to higher education in Computer Science.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6	
Content – Knowledge and Understanding Skills and concepts	1.5 – Moral and Ethical Issues Unit 1.4 – Data Structures: Lists, Tuples, Trees, Graphs 2.3 – Algorithms for searching and sorting Project Design Check Knowledge: the impact of CS in moral and ethical aspects, with further long answer/essay structure training. Further algorithms for sorting and searching, and relative efficiencies using Big O notation. Skills: Definitions and diagrams for all static and dynamic data structures. Basic data structure algorithms.	2.3 – Path analysis (Dijkstra and A*), Algorithm Complexity (Big O) Examination preparation and practise, PPE prep Project Development check Knowledge: further examination of Big-O notation for time and space complexity, applied to further algorithms such as shortest path methods. Skills: finding the shortest path. Review and testing in project assignment.	PPE Examination PPE Review Examination preparation and practise Knowledge: Different phrasing of examination questions Skills: mark scheme analysis, examination technique. Developmental testing of project assignment.	Examination practise and Spring PPE Project Deadline Knowledge: Timing for examination questions. How keywords in examination questions change the answer you are expected to provide. Skills: Summative testing of application and evaluation applied to project assignment.	Examination questions final practise and technique Skills: How to take existing examination questions and create alternative questions to widen experience for examination preparation	N/A	
Assessment	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED UNIT BY UNIT BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPES	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED UNIT BY UNIT BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPES	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED UNIT BY UNIT BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPES	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPES	ASSESSMENT IS COMPLETED BY EXAM QUESTIONS AND PPEs		
Enrichment and extension	EXTENSION BEYOND KS5 CURRICULUM: Number representation: application of floating point arithmetic to the process of multiplying numbers (not in GCE). Searching and sorting: different sorting algorithm comparisons beyond the four required in specification – eg bit-shifting and masking.						